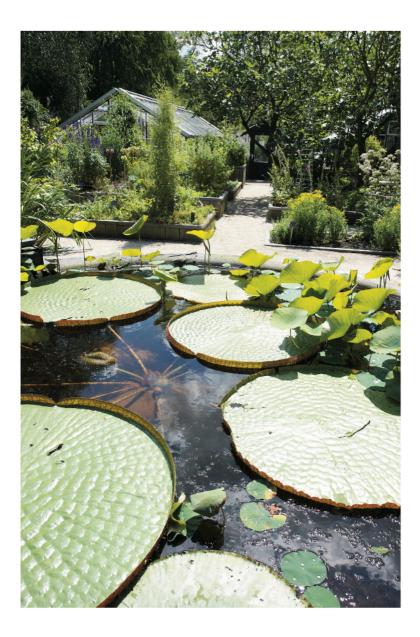
WRITING



Issue Number 56, Spring 2012, ISSN 1361-8539



Whither the Workshop? Andrew Cowan, Sam Kelly, Richard Beard

NAWE Northampton Conference Collection: Julie MacLusky; Vanessa Gebbie & Sieneke de Rooij; Danielle Jawando & Bernie Howley; Heather Richardson; Caroline Murphy; Susan Greenberg, Hilary Jenkins & Julie Wheelwright; Nigel Smith; Wes Brown with David Tait & Daniel Sluman

plus: Linda Anderson; Dave Attrill; Ardella Jones; Derek Neale; Ian Pople; Siobhan Wall; The Writer's Compass; news; reviews







CONTENTS

EDITORIAL

Liz Cashdan introduces this edition, reporting on the NAWE Conference in Northampton, 2011.

page 1

NEWS

Chair and Director's Reports	page	2
NAWE Conference & other networks	page	4
The Young Writers' Hub	page	5
HE International News	page	7
Professional & Higher Partnership	page	11
Higher Education Academy	page	12
Other HE News	page	13
Lapidus	page	14
PBS & Poetry Society News	page	15
Other Announcements & Members' News	page	16
New Members	page	18
Guide to Submissions	page	20

ARTICLES

A NAWE Conference: Julie MacLusky reflects on the rich variety of offerings at Northampton.

page 21

A Poem in the Space between Languages: Vanessa Gebbie and Sieneke de Rooij describe a writing experiment at the NAWE Conference 2011.

page 26

Making it: Craig Batty introduces Danielle Jawando and Bernie Howley talking about their progress as writing students.

page 29

'Texts of Poetics' and Historical Fiction: Heather Richardson considers how authors make critical reflections on their own work.

page 34

Mute Disabled Characters in YA Novels: Nigel Smith investigates with reference to his own work.

page 38

Poetry, Practice and Pedagogy: Caroline Murphy shares the findings of the Well Versed pilot.

page 41

The Writer's Compass: Professional Development news and opportunities.

centre pages i-viii

The Future Is Words: Wes Brown, Daniel Sluman and David Tait provide a flavour of the Young Writers' session in Northampton.

page 45

Facts and Feelings: Concluding our round-up of the NAWE Conference 2011, Susan Greenberg, Hilary Jenkins and Julie Wheelwright present the conclusions of their panel.

page 47

Being in Uncertainties, Mysteries and Doubts: Derek Neale completes our three-part exploration of the role of the imagination in the academy today.

page 49

Whither the Workshop? Andrew Cowan, Sam Kelly and Richard Beard discuss the strengths and shortcomings of the Creative Writing workshop.

page 54

Fluency, observation and voice: Ian Pople considers issues in the teaching of creative writing to non-native speakers.

page 61

Taking risks in fiction: Linda Anderson discusses how we enable our students to write boldly.

page 64

Playground: Dave Attrill describes the genesis of his novel.

page 69

On a Learning Curve: Ardella Jones charts the founding of her own creative writing business.

page 71

The importance of quiet places for writers: Siobhan Wall urges us towards creative silence.

page 74

Reviews page 77

Advertisement page 84

Cover Image: from Quiet Amsterdam by Siobhan Wall (see p74)

NAWE

NAWE is a Company Limited by Guarantee. Registered in England and Wales No. 4130442

Staff

Director: Paul Munden paul@nawe.co.uk

Programme Manager: Anne Caldwell a.caldwell@nawe.co.uk

Administration Manager: Clare Mallorie clare@nawe.co.uk

Conference Manager: Gill Greaves g.greaves@nawe.co.uk

Young Writers Co-ordinator/Information Manager: Wes Brown w.brown@nawe.co.uk

Management Committee

Jane Bluett j.bluett@nawe.co.uk
Maggie Butt (Chair) m.butt@nawe.co.uk
Liz Cashdan l.cashdan@nawe.co.uk
Patricia Debney p.debney@nawe.co.uk
Graeme Harper g.harper@nawe.co.uk
Keith Jebb k.jebb@nawe.co.uk
Nigel McLoughlin n.mcloughlin@nawe.co.uk
Patrick Wildgust p.wildgust@nawe.co.uk

Higher Education Committee

Steve May (Chair); Helena Blakemore (Vice Chair); Craig Batty; Hayden Gabriel; Susan Greenberg; Graeme Harper; Andrea Holland; Barbara Large; Nigel McLoughlin; Graham Mort; Derek Neale; Sharon Norris; Sue Roe; Robert Sheppard

Patrons:

Alan Bennett, Gillian Clarke, Andrew Motion, Beverley Naidoo



NAWE is a member of the Council for Subject Associations. www.subjectassociation.org.uk

Membership

As the Subject Association for Creative Writing, NAWE aims to represent and support writers and all those involved in the development of creative writing both in formal education and community contexts. Our membership includes not only writers but also teachers, arts advisers, students, literature workers and librarians

Membership benefits include:

- 3 free issues per year of Writing in Education
- reduced rate booking for our conferences and other professional development opportunities
- advice and assistance in setting up projects
- representation through NAWE at national events
- free publicity on the NAWE website
- access to the extensive NAWE Archive online
- weekly e-bulletin with jobs and opportunities

For Professional Members, NAWE processes Enhanced Disclosure applications to the CRB and can assist in dealing with any other government clearance schemes. The Professional Membership rate also includes free public liability insurance cover to members who work as professional writers in any public or educational arena, and printed copies of the NAWE magazine.

Institutional membership entitles your university, college, arts organization or other institution to nominate up to ten individuals to receive membership benefits.

For full details of subscription rates, including e-membership that simply offers our weekly e-bulletin, please refer to the NAWE website.

To join NAWE, please apply online or contact the Administration Manager, Clare Mallorie, at the address below.

NAWE, PO Box 1, Sheriff Hutton, York YO60 7YU Telephone: 01653 618429 Website: http://www.nawe.co.uk

A Poem in the Space between Languages

A writing experiment at the NAWE Conference 2011

Vanessa Gebbie and Sieneke de Rooij





Dutch writer and teacher Sieneke de Rooij arrived at the NAWE Conference with a poem written in her mother tongue and the intention of writing an English version over the weekend. In conversation, she and fellow delegate Vanessa Gebbie decided to enjoy a little international collaboration, but not with the sole aim of producing a suitably poetic translation. They decided to see if there could be a meaningful 'mirror' response to a poem written in a foreign language, a language unknown to the respondee, who would be given only minimal information.

Using Sieneke's Dutch poem as inspiration, and without knowing what it was about, Vanessa (who does not read or speak Dutch) would 'respond' with her own quick 'translation'.

The results were, we think, worth sharing. The process can perhaps be divided into five stages.

1. First, Sieneke translated the title – *Ik ben een kind*, 'I am a child'. She then read the poem out loud, in Dutch, and Vanessa followed the Dutch text. Vanessa would say later that hearing the poem read, whilst not 'understanding' on the most immediate level, was an extraordinary experience. It had been hard to find a quiet corner in the hotel, somewhere they could escape the tinned 'music' in the public areas. So the first words to drop into the space they found were those of the

poem. It broke down for her into a flow of sound without overt meaning. Inflection, rhythm and tone took on a heightened significance.

Sieneke then translated the short very simple first lines of each stanza, viz- *Ik zie een wolk*, 'I see a cloud' (which Vanessa promptly forgot, remembering it as 'sky'...!), *Ik zie een kat*, 'I see a cat', and *Ik zie een golf*, 'I see a wave.' And without further conversation, Vanessa took this Dutch text to her room to see what would happen...

Ik ben een kind

Ik zie een wolk
ik denk: zo vredig te vliegen
verwondering boven de wereld
maar een wolk
hagelt van woede
regent machteloos leeg
vervliegt in mist.
Ik ren krachtig
ik ben een kind.

Ik zie een kat
ik denk: zo door tuinen te sluipen
op rooftocht op donkere daken
maar een kat
verspilt acht van zijn levens
aan slapen en spinnen
zijn wilde geest getemd.
Ik mag razen
ik ben een kind.

Ik zie een golf ik denk: rollen en schuimen en bruisen vermengen met wereldzeeën de continenten omspoelen maar de golf die wil bonken en beuken

ARTICLES

vervloeit in het schelpige zachtzand. Ik kan reizen ik ben een kind.

Ik
ren
raas
reis
door het leven,
kind.

Sieneke de Rooij, Nederland

2. A short while later, Vanessa returned with her 'translation'. She began to read it to Sieneke and they were both surprised by the emotional intensity of the experience – the reading of, and the hearing of a first draft poem written 'off the cuff' as a response to a mainly incomprehensible stimulus, an attempt to mirror it in some way.

I am a child

I see the sky
I think - how endless it is
hovering, holding the world
but the sky
is pierced by trees
and shredded by the flight of birds
whose wings stir the mist.
I just remember
I am a child.

I see a cat
I think - how he uncurls and slips
over the rooftops, over high walls
but the cat
will not always land in safety
one day he will spin, and fall
his freedom must end.
I can imagine
I am a child.

I see a wave
I think – how it rolls and heaves and shines
in its journeying
and ties the world together
but the wave
must crash and break
one day – nothing is for ever.
I have a journey
I am a child.

3. Sieneke and Vanessa then discussed the two poems. They were both stunned by the effect of this experiment, as they discovered all the layers of content in Vanessa's new poem, purely based on sound, visual impression of text and four 'clues' only.

It became obvious that there were both expected and unexpected similarities between the two. The overall shape of each English stanza was roughly the same as the Dutch inspiration. The vocabulary was very different, the images too – but there was a surprise to come.

In each verse, the English version mirrored the Dutch thematically – in that the simple thing seen by the child, introduced in line 1 (which Vanessa knew) was followed by the thought process of the child 'narrator' over the next two lines. The thought process then pivoted at maar / 'but' into a consideration of change/impermanence/loss of potency/a death metaphor.

It was very clear to Sieneke how Vanessa's new poem echoed the atmosphere and feelings of her first poem, and that the images of nature that Vanessa breathed in from her *Ik ben een kind* were breathed out in Vanessa's new *I am a child*. Also, the second poem reflects the feeling of invincibility and everlasting life of a child, as opposed to the crumble and fall it sees in nature, in the original poem.

4. The writers were very intrigued at these similarities, and looked at how this might have happened.

Remembering the process:

Vocabulary clues: There were several words whose meaning crossed the Channel – *ik denk* sounded like 'I think' to Vanessa. And it fitted. *Wereld* sounded like 'world' and *rollen* like 'rolling', but all other words were just shapes on the page, and sound. Vanessa studied French a long time ago, and *maar* in its repeated position in each stanza, prefacing a repetition of the subject of the first line of each, felt to her like mais/'but'.

Tone/Sound clues: Sieneke's reading was very important. The tone used indicated that the poem thoughtful, not intended to be dramatic, or light and amusing. Perhaps Sieneke had paused before *maar* and emphasized that word in its place, where each stanza turned a corner.

The inexplicable element seemed to be the similarities in theme. The focus on impermanence, change and loss,

ARTICLES

when the title, and the first lines only mentioned *kind*, *wolk*, *kat*, and *golf* - child, cloud, cat, and wave.

Of course, those themes are not infrequently found in poetry – but both Sieneke and Vanessa were struck by the echoes via which deeper levels of 'meaning' were communicated somewhere in the space between their respective languages.

5. To escort this poem back to its mother language, Sieneke then translated Vanessa's new poem into Dutch. She tried to keep Vanessa's content in images and atmosphere, while bringing into her translation the rhythm and sound she likes to use in her Dutch. This may take the form of connecting consonants or vowels, rhythm in sentences or stanzas, and double meanings of words.

Kind

Ik zie de lucht ik zie ruimte zonder einde maar de lucht wordt doorboord door bomen versnipperd door vogelvlucht hun vleugels scheuren de mist. Dat zie ik, ik ben een kind.

Ik zie een kat ik zie hem strekken en sluipen over daken en hoge muren maar de kat is niet altijd meer veilig ooit zal hij tollen en vallen zijn vrijheid kapot. Dat weet ik, ik ben een kind.

Ik zie een golf
zie rollen en stijgen en dansen
zie hem de wereld verbinden
maar de golf zal zijn reis
moeten breken
en neerslaan - niets is voor eeuwig.
Mijn reis gaat door,
ik ben een kind.

Ik zie
weet
reis
door het leven,
kind.

Sieneke and Vanessa were very much inspired by this experience. They both felt it would make a useful exercise to do with students. A teacher could take poems in unknown languages (or even script) and encourage students to reflect and write from them. Ideally, a reader should provide the sound experience. And just like twelve students in a painting course will produce twelve completely different paintings of the same vase with sunflowers, here, the differences in the new poems that students create will be interesting and worth exploring.

Vanessa Gebbie, freelance writer and writing tutor, author of The Coward's Tale (Bloomsbury) two collections of short stories and a text book on the art of the short story.

Sieneke de Rooij, writer, writing coach and Creative Writing Consultant with Kunstfactor, the Dutch National Institute for the Amateur Arts